Human CLCN3-Strep full length protein-synthetic nanodisc

Cat. No. FLP120620

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

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|---|---|
| **Tag** | **Warning**: Undefined variable $hasAttributeValueDescription in **/www/wwwroot/tech.dimabio.cn/wp-content/plugins/woocommerce-print-products/public/class-woocommerce-print-products-public.php** on line **2806**<br>C-Flag&Strep Tag |
| **Target** | CLCN3 |
| **Synonyms** | CLC3, CIC-3 |
| **Description** | Human CLCN3-Strep full length protein-synthetic nanodisc |
| **Delivery** | 6~8weeks |
| **Uniprot ID** | P51790 |
| **Expression Host** | HEK293 |
| **Protein Families** | Ion Channels: Other |
| **Protein Pathways** | N/A |
| **Molecular Weight** | The human full length CLCN3-Strep protein has a MW of 91 kDa |
| **Formulation & Reconstitution** | Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for |
| **Storage&Shipping** | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| **Background** | This gene encodes a member of the voltage-gated chloride channel (CIC) family. The encoded protein is present in all cell types and localized in plasma membranes and in intracellular vesicles. It is a multi-pass membrane protein which contains a CIC domain and two additional C-terminal CBS (cystathionine beta-synthase) domains. The CIC domain catalyzes the selective flow of Cl- ions across cell membranes, and the CBS domain may have a regulatory function. This protein plays a role in both acidification and transmitter loading of GABAergic synaptic vesicles, and in smooth muscle cell activation and neointima formation. This protein is required for lysophosphatidic acid (LPA)-activated Cl- current activity and fibroblast-to-myofibroblast differentiation. The protein activity is regulated by Ca(2 )/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase II (CaMKII) in glioma cells. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2011] |
| **Usage** | Research use only |
| **Conjugate** | Unconjugated |

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